



Towards a Clean Nanded

**The story of implementation of City
Sanitation Plan in Nanded**

Knowledge Links, India

1 April- 9 August 2011

Acknowledgement

We are deeply grateful to thousands of children, women, and men from Prabhag 2 and 4 of the city of Nanded-Waghala, who have re-confirmed our conviction in the efficacy of community led change initiatives to bring about sanitation transformation at the community level. Their overwhelming response, leadership and commitment have been truly inspiring.

Knowledge Links team is also immensely thankful to Dr. Nipun Vinayak, Commissioner and Sri Ajay Singh Bisen, Mayor, Nanded-Waghala City Municipal Corporation for offering us an opportunity to initiate citizen led total sanitation in the city and provide all the material and moral support to help it grow into a real people's movement over time.

Our thanks are also due to all the NWCMC staff, particularly Mr. Ratnakar Waghmare and Ms. Phad Vasudha, who have provided all the administrative and logistical support for the organization of various CLTS related workshops, triggering, and rallies from time to time.

We do hope that people's sanitation movement in the city of Nanded will make it the first totally clean and green city in Maharashtra.

Nanded at a glance

Nanded District is located in the southeastern part of Maharashtra, bordering Andhra Pradesh. Nanded Waghala city with a municipal jurisdiction of about 51.76 sq km is the headquarters of the Nanded District in the Marathwada region of Maharashtra state. It is the second largest urban center in the Marathwada region after Aurangabad having a population of 4, 30, 733 persons (Census 2001). The district is amongst the most backward in Maharashtra and ranks 29th in terms of literacy (81.5 percent at Nanded Waghala municipal level) and has a total workforce participation rate of 41.8 percent.

The city is divided in two parts i.e. Old Nanded Town (20.62 Sq Kms) located North of the Godavari river and Waghala area along with newly merged 6 villages (31.14 Sq. Kms) in the South. Infrastructure provision is mainly in old Nanded that houses 89 percent (4,50,000) of the estimated current population.

The city has been conferred the status of “Holy City” by Government of Maharashtra on account of the presence of the Sachkhand Gurudwara one of the five Takhats of Sikh religion - housing the Guru Granth Sahib and last resting place of Shri Guru Gobind Singhji. It is estimated that over 3 million tourist visit Nanded due to its religious significance.

City has a high concentration of urban poor with 41 % of the total population residing in slums. There are about 220 slums in Nanded city of which 217 are under basic services for urban poor (BSUP). More than 75% of slum lands are privately owned.

About 90 percent of the population in the declared slums have access to water supply through public stand posts, and sanitation services – through public conveniences. In case of the yet-to-be declared slums and below poverty line (BPL) settlements, the water supply coverage ranges between 25 to 60 percent.

As per the National Rating Scheme on Sanitation done in 2009-2010, city is ranked 199 out of 423 cities with a total score of 35.162 across India. The sanitation coverage ranges from as acute as zero percent in about 17 settlements to about 25 to 60 percent in the rest. It is estimated that 21% of the population practice open defecation, coupled with non functional sewerage system and absence of the solid waste management system create serious public health risks.

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Progress at a glance

Coverage

Prabhag	Wards		Areas		Localities	
	Total	Reached	Total	Reached	Total	Triggered
Prabhag 2	21	13	78	27	165	42
Prabhag 4	19	19	70	29	100	42
Total	40	32	148	56	265	84

Prabhag	Schools		Markets	
	Total	Triggered	Total	Triggered
Prabhag 2	26	8	14	1
Prabhag 4	21	7	15	5
Total	47	15	29	6

Achievements

S. N.	Description of Achievements	Number of Localities
1	Number of localities that have become ODF	27
2	Number of localities that have become solid waste free	11
3	Number of localities that have achieved both ODF and garbage free status	8
4	Number of localities where Ghantagadi service is regular (daily)	30
5	Number of localities where Ghantagadi reaches once in 2-3 days	22
6	Number of localities where Swachhata/Nigrani Samiti has been formed.	54
7	Number of localities in which community is maintaining attendance register of Ghantagadi.	32
8	Number of localities in which drains are cleaned regularly	61

Processes carried out so far

A variety of processes have been carried out to involve different types of stakeholders in the implementation of city sanitation plan. These include triggering and follow-ups with different groups, training, orientation and felicitation of natural leaders (NLs), establishing monitoring and learning systems, particularly community monitoring systems. The list of key processes carried out is as under:

- Triggering in localities
- Triggering in schools
- Triggering in Engineering College
- Triggering in markets
- Triggering in Anganwadi Centers
- Triggering Beggars
- Meeting with rag pickers
- Triggering in housing societies/apartments
- Community monitoring of sanitation services
- School rallies, Street plays and Gandhigiri by children
- Maha rally of triggered localities
- Training of Sanitation Soldiers/Commandos
- Sanitation Commandos triggering on their own
- Renovating community toilets
- Making BSUP toilets functional without waiting for sewer line completion
- Segregation and composting of waste at local level
- Plantation Drive
- Visit of Commissioner and other officers to localities
- Felicitation of natural leaders
- Experience sharing cum progress review meetings at Prabhag/City level



Areas for improvement

- Documentation needs to be improved. There is a need to develop structured formats for reporting after triggering and follow-ups. Current practice of open ended reporting miss out critical aspects of information in cases.
- Follow-ups need to be strategic; there is a need to focus on the following:
 - ✓ Committee formation and making it active
 - ✓ Action planning by the Committee
 - ✓ Community monitoring system
 - ✓ OD status (%)
 - ✓ Status of Solid waste thrown in the open (%)
 - ✓ Status of drain cleaning
 - ✓ Segregation of waste (%)
 - ✓ Composting of bio-degradable waste (% households)
 - ✓ Updation of basic data such as number of HHs, HHs having toilets, Community toilets and their condition, number of Anganwadis, number of schools etc., number of SHGs etc.
 - ✓ Status of BSUP/JNNURM work
- NWCMC to ensure regular reach of Ghantagadi to all triggered localities
- There is an urgent need to develop and institutionalize a verification and certification process for declaring communities as ODF and garbage free.

Goal till September 15, 2011

At least 6 wards from Prabhag 2 and 4 become open defecation free (ODF) and garbage free.

Description of processes

Triggering in localities

A total of 84 localities across 56 areas and 32 wards have been triggered so far in Prabhag 2 and 4. On an average 7 follow-ups per locality have been conducted post triggering. A total of 27 localities have reportedly become ODF, 11 localities have become solid waste free and 8



localities have achieved both. Ghantagadi is regular in 30 localities. In 22 localities the Ghantagadi reaches once in 2-3 days. There are 4 localities (Lakshmi Nagar in Ward 17 and Triratna Nagar in Ward 2, Dulhe Shah Rehman Nagar in Ward 64 and Rahul Nagar, Waghala, Ward 73) where Ghantagadi does not reach at all. In 32 localities community is maintaining attendance register of Ghantagadi. In 54 localities,

Swachhata/Nigrani Samiti has been formed. In 14 localities, Swachhata/Nigrani samiti is maintaining a register of activities undertaken in the locality. In 29 localities, sanitary staff of NWCMC/contractor regularly cleans the drains. In 32 localities, municipal staff and community members are cleaning the drains together. In 23 localities, construction of drains is on under BSUP. Detailed status of triggered localities is available as Annexure- 1.



Initially, localities for triggering were selected by KL team in consultation with the respective Zonal Officer and sanitary Inspector, based on certain criteria that included filthy environment, regularity of Ghantagadi, where Nagar Sewak is cooperative, suggested localities from sanitary staff. Gradually, demands started coming up from SI, zonal Officers, Sanitation Commandos, Municipal Commissioner, Nagar Sewaks for triggering in particular localities.

Pre-triggering visits have been undertaken invariably before triggering. Initially, KL teams used to make pre-triggering visits. Now in many cases, pre-triggering visits are being conducted by sanitation commandos. During pre-triggering, effort is made to contact self-help groups and influential persons of the locality and objective of the proposed visit is explained to them and a request is made to fix the time and date of the visit. Normally people ask 'what would you like

to tell in the proposed meeting?’ The facilitators respond that they have nothing to tell; instead they want to learn about the sanitation situation in the locality and its impact on the lives of the people, such as occurrence of diseases and as to what could be done to improve the situation. The facilitator also inquires about the profession of people in the locality and what would be a good time when most people could assemble for the meeting.

The process of triggering has been as per the local situation. An indicative process is being narrated here for reference:

First of all the team greets the people, introduces themselves and explains the objective of the visit. They also check about the time that the people have for the meeting. If the lead facilitator is unable to speak Marathi, s/he apologizes and asks the people whether they understand his/her language (Hindi). To build rapport with the people some general talk is initiated such as number of households, profession, Anganwadi centers, BSUP work if applicable, history of community activities, festivals etc. If children are there, the facilitators invite them also and ask them about their school and education etc.

Once the climate is set, the lead facilitator could start with any of the trigger tool. The selection of the tool depends upon the situation on the ground. For example, if the locality has OD as a major issue, transect walk is undertaken. If OD is not a major issue or places of OD are far away from the locality, mapping exercise is undertaken. This could be followed by fecal-oral route, water and shit demonstration, food and shit demonstration, calculation of medical expenses etc. In case, there is no appropriate place for mapping, issue of solid waste is discussed by using calculation of solid waste produced in the locality. Where does the garbage being disposed? Many a times, it is revealed that it goes to the drains and chokes them. Issue of plastics and problems related to it such as death of cows, choking of drains etc. also surface during the community analysis.

By this time, the people are generally ignited to do something to change the situation. In case, the community is not fully triggered, the facilitators pretend to leave by thanking them. Provoking questions such as ‘Are we human beings willing to live in this filthy environment or want to change with collective effort?’ are asked at this moment. Some people may then come forward. Then question is asked ‘Would it suffice if only few people are willing to change? ‘If not, who would like to come along with these people?’ Then finally everyone raises hand to change the situation. The question is then asked ‘How would they change the situation?’

If required, success stories from other communities are shared with them to encourage them as also to give them food for thought as to how they could deal with the situation in their locality. Finally people come up with their decisions such as, would dispose garbage in Ghantagadi only.

Phone numbers of supervisor of Ghantagadi, Sanitary Inspector and Supervisor are also given to them, if required. They could also decide to end open defecation, minimize or stop the use of plastic carry bags etc.

The facilitator then steers the process for formation of Swachta Samiti or Nigrani Samiti and the tasks it would accomplish. The facilitator also asks them 'would they like the team to come to their locality again?'; Thus, a date for next follow-up visit is fixed. The team in the end thanks the people for their good decisions and giving time to the team to learn during the process. Before leaving the team does not forget to take the phone numbers of the natural leaders who emerge during the process. Sometimes, the people start cleaning up activities during the triggering process itself.

Follow-ups are extremely crucial for ensuring that the commitments made are translated into action. Phone calls to natural leaders the next day of triggering and thereafter as per need help a lot. The first follow-up visit is undertaken the next day or within 2-3 days itself.

During follow-ups, the main focus remains on as to how to involve more and more people in making the city clean. A discussion is initiated with the progress made against the commitments made during triggering. In case the committee could not be formed on the day of triggering, the process of committee formation is facilitated. Its action plan is also worked out. For example, the actions could include: announcing from temple about disposing garbage to ghantagadi only; or making door to door visits to involve people in the process; or maintaining a diary in which arrival date and time of Ghantagadi are recorded and signatures are made by the Ghantagadi worker and natural leader of the locality. Sometimes, a meeting between the Ghantagadi Supervisor and committee helps finalize the route, timing and collection points. In some localities people start maintaining a notice board for monitoring the status of services being provided by NWCMC on a daily basis.

Triggering in schools

For triggering schools, a pre-triggering visit is made to the school and objective is explained to the principal of the school. It is clarified that the purpose of the proposed triggering is to enhance reach to communities through children. This is sought to be done by engaging them in analyzing the sanitation situation in their school and localities where they come from and



helping them think through and decide what they could do in improving the environment in the school and in their localities.

The team reaches the school on the agreed date and time. To begin with, the team members set the climate for discussion. This is done by playing games with the students or singing songs with them. Once the students open up, the discussion is initiated on the issue of garbage and open defecation by asking open ended questions. A map of school and of localities where the students live could also be drawn by the students on the ground in which they show places of garbage dumps and shit.

Linkages between unsafe sanitation practices and their health and impact on their carrier plans are highlighted by asking provoking questions. Issues of hand-washing, plastic carry bags and their adverse impact in terms of choking of drains and death of cows etc, OD and its negative impacts come up loud and clear. Some demonstrations such as hand-washing, water and shit demonstration are also used to emphasize the importance of the issue. Students finally take some decisions and they take oath to carry out those decisions. These decisions could include:

- ✓ Cleaning up of school premises
- ✓ Plantation in school and watering the plants
- ✓ Formation of sanitation club and working out its activities
- ✓ Commitments by students regarding their role in achieving sanitation in their localities, such as not throwing garbage here and there, not defecating in the open, persuading parents and community members in adoption of safe practices, persuading their mothers to invariably use cloth bags when they go for shopping and refuse plastic bags etc.
- ✓ Fixing a date for organizing rally by children to spread the message to adults in their own ways by doing Gandhigiri or through street plays or in any other way they deem fit to convince adults
- ✓ Taking responsibility for monitoring the cleanliness of school toilets, making sure that water is available for flushing toilets

The principal and teachers also make commitments for ensuring clean toilets. Some schools in Nanded have no toilets; they also realize the importance and make commitments to have them soon.

Follow-ups provide the opportunity to encourage and motivate students and teachers for their good work and also to draw their attention to improve the situation where they could not keep their commitments.

A total of 15 schools have been triggered so far in Prabhag 2 and 4. The details of the facilities and commitments made and fulfilled by students and teachers are available in Annex 2.

Triggering in Engineering College

Principal of MGM Engineering College was contacted on 27 June 2011 and a request was made to organize a meeting with NSS students and teachers for seeking their involvement in city sanitation initiative. The Principal assured that once the college opens she would organize such a meeting. On 29 July, 2011, the KL team member went to the college and met the NSS coordinator and made a request for the participation of NSS students in the plantation drive scheduled for 31 July 2011 in Kautha area. The NSS coordinator said that the college is still



closed and therefore it would not be possible. However, once the College opens, he would call KL team for triggering. Thus, finally 9th August was fixed for triggering by the coordinator.

The KL team reached the college on 9 August 2011 at 12 'O' clock as per schedule. The process of triggering was as follows:

First of all the NSS Coordinator introduced the KL team to the students. About 150 students were there. KL team greeted them and asked them as to how much time they have for the meeting. One hour was allowed by them. The team asked as to why it is important to talk about sanitation. The students answered that it is important for health and environment protection.

Thereafter, a power point presentation was made on Citizen Led Total Sanitation in Nanded. The presentation highlighted the current situation of sanitation globally and the principles and practices of Citizen Led Total sanitation in Nanded as well. Every slide had a provoking question besides sharing the data of diarrhoea deaths and contamination of water sources etc.

Demonstration of shit and water was done in the middle of the power point presentation (by touching a strand of hair first on the bottom of shoe and then in a glass of water. When asked as to who could drink this water, everyone refused.) The demo made them realize that even though they have toilets in their houses they could unknowingly carry shit from road sides as many slum dwellers are defecating there. Unless the whole city is not clean, nobody is safe.

After this, pre and post photographs of triggered localities were shown and they were told as to how people are coming forward for making their area clean. Lastly, they were asked as to how they would like to contribute to improve the sanitation situation of their city. The students took following decisions:

- ✓ Two students stated that they would tell people in their area
- ✓ Many of them said they would ask the shopkeepers to put dust bins and request customers to throw wrappers in the same
- ✓ Two girls requested the team to visit their locality and trigger people

Triggering in markets



6 markets have been triggered so far. Two markets (Shivaji Nagar, Gokul Nagar) were triggered during the 3-day training of Sanitation Soldiers by the participants of the program. The remaining 4 markets (Wazirabad, Shivaji

Putla, Gandhi Putla, Mahaveer Chowk) were triggered by groups of students engaged for the purpose.

Market Triggering by Sanitation Soldiers

The groups of sanitation soldiers visited the shops in the market. For example, in a flower market in Shivaji Nagar, 4 groups (10 persons each) of soldiers were formed and some 20 shops were allocated to each group for triggering. The group leader would ask questions to the shopkeeper such as 'what do you do with the waste generated in your shop?', Some would tell that they give it to the Ghantagadi. Some others would say that they throw it on the side of the road. Then the facilitator would ask 'Is it a good practice?', 'Does it create filth?', 'Do customers feel good about it?' 'What do you think freshness of flowers and garbage go well together?'. Obvious answer comes that they do not like it. Then the facilitator would ask 'what needs to be done to change the situation?', 'who would do it?' etc. Then the shopkeeper would make some commitments such as keeping garbage bins in the shop and disposing it to Ghantagadi only. Then the facilitators would emphasize as to how important the role of shopkeepers is in the sanitation movement that is on in the city. Thanking the shopkeeper and making an appeal for his/her cooperation in making the city clean, the facilitators would move to the next shop for triggering.

Market Triggering by students

The process of these triggering was combined with the rally of students.

Some 10 groups of students were formed. Each group comprised 5 students, 1 teacher



and 1 facilitator from KL. One student was dressed as a mosquito, another as a dust bin with a slogan 'keep me inside your shop'. The other three students were having slogans on their shirts such as keep city clean, do not throw garbage here and there etc.

The student leader would tell the shopkeeper as to what happens due to garbage thrown here and there. If we do not check this, what would happen to the lives of the children like us? The student playing the role of mosquito would then hug the shopkeeper and tell that if you don't stop this, mosquitoes would catch you like anything. Then they would make request to the shopkeeper to keep dust bin. The student dressed as dust bin would lift some garbage near the shop and put it in the bin on his back. The group was also carrying the telephone numbers of Zonal Officer, Sanitary Inspector and Sanitary Supervisor and would give to the shopkeeper, if she/he complains that Ghantagadi service is irregular and ask her/him to contact these officers immediately.

Triggering in Anganwadi Centers

Though no Anganwadi Centre has been triggered so far, some of the activities undertaken in this regard include:

- Obtaining a list of Anganwadi Centers from the *Ekatmik Bal Vikas Prakalp* office in Shastri Nagar, Nanded. A total of 42 and 25 Anganwadi Centers are there in Prabhad 2 and 4 respectively as per this list. There are 2 other offices from where information needs to be collected so as to know the total number of Anganwadi Centers in Prabhad 2 and 4.
- Pre-triggering has been done in 1 Anganwadi Center number 25 in CIDCO ward number 70. A discussion has taken place with the Anganwadi worker as to what could be done to improve sanitation in their area. A consensus has developed to do some activities with kids along with their parents. Triggering is proposed to be carried out shortly.

- Another triggering is proposed at Degaon Chaal, where it is expected that 5 women from each of the 8 Anganwadi centers including one worker (thus a total of 40 women) would be participating. The idea is that if they are triggered, they could spread message in their respective localities. This event is scheduled for 11 August 2011.

Triggering Beggars



Triggering in a locality of beggars, known as Gautam Nagar, was undertaken during the workshop of sanitation soldiers. The process adopted was as follows:

Some 8 sanitation soldiers and 4 KL facilitators reached the locality. Gathered all the inhabitants of the locality who are mostly beggars and some of them are rag pickers.

After initial introduction, explaining the objective of visit and rapport building, the inhabitants were asked to draw a map of the locality on the ground. They showed their houses, OD areas (100% OD in this locality), places of dumping garbage etc. Next was mapping out the diseases that occur in the locality. One of the Sanitation Soldiers wrote this on a chart paper. Subsequent to this was calculation of medical expenses by the people followed by demonstration of shit and water. A facilitator lifted the shit and brought it to the place of the meeting for the purpose of the demonstration. Then the facilitators with folded hands stated that we knew sufficiently well the situation prevailing in the locality and stopped any further exercise.

Then people started talking as to what could be done in this situation. The facilitators told them as the filthy situation has been their creation they would need to find a solution on their own. Then some of them said toilets are costly and how they could do it on their own as they are very poor. Then sanitation soldiers from some nearby poor locality shared their experience that they dig a small hole and defecate in the same and cover the shit by mud. This does not involve any costs. They also shared as to how some others from their community constructed zero cost pit toilets using local material. The people raised the question of lack of water in their locality. The facilitators explained that pit toilets do not require water for flushing; use of ash for covering shit fulfills the purpose. One physically challenged person stated 'we will beg for our food, but not eat shit anymore.' Another person said that they would construct a community toilet by raising community contribution for the purpose. The team thanked them and left.

After 2 days, when the team reached for follow-up, it was noticed that the people have cleaned up the whole area, have removed all the garbage and burnt it. The team asked them 'what happened to the garbage?'; Why did you do it? They stated that we did not like to remain in filthy environment so we cleaned it up. Then facilitators asked them 'would you clean up your locality every day?'. They responded in affirmative. Then facilitators asked them is there any method which could reduce this work?'. The people were at a loss and could not tell anything. Then the facilitators shared stories from other communities where people have started composting from wet garbage.

In the subsequent follow-ups, it was revealed that 2 persons started composting by digging pits or using a old basket for the purpose. Now, some 8 households have started this. They have also planted some vegetable plants. 3 persons have started constructing their simple pit toilets. One of them used an old water tank and put it inverted in the pit. Holes are made in the walls and bottom of the tank serving the purpose of the pit cover. A visit was made by the municipal commissioner, other officers of NWCMC, Nagar Sewak and electronic and print media representatives during one of the follow-ups. This also encouraged them a lot. Some 10 follow-ups have been made in this locality so far.

Meeting with Rag Pickers

A meeting with rag pickers was held on 12 July 2011 at 8 am at Gautam Nagar locality where they live. The rag pickers told about the items they used to pick from the garbage. A possibility of distributing areas to them was discussed for getting these things from the houses itself so that they do not require picking these things from filthy garbage dumps.

Triggering in housing societies/apartments

So far, 3 housing societies (Sindhi Colony- ward no 36, Ravi Kiran Vasahat-ward no. 36, Ishan Plaza) have been triggered. The process adopted has been slightly different, as most residents in these cases are busy, they hardly meet together and there is not enough time and space for using exercises such as mapping. The strategy followed has therefore been more of a door-to-door contact and culminating in a small meeting at one of the houses. The process started with meeting the chief of the society. In most cases, it was found that the people were throwing garbage near the open space in the backside of the apartments. They complained that Ghantagadi is irregular or does not reach them at all. Linking with the staff of Ghantagadi with the intervention of sanitary inspector/supervisor made the difference and people are now refraining from throwing the garbage indiscriminately.

Community monitoring of sanitation services



In Janardhan Nagar, when people noticed that the Ghantagadi is not regular, they were asked as to how to deal with this situation. Ideas that came up included fining the contractor, cancellation of contract and appointing a new contractor. Finally, an idea came up to put a *Swachhata Nireekshan Takhta /Nakasha* (A notice board/map for monitoring sanitation services), which would help NWCMC staff also to know the ground situation as they would have the feedback

from people and not just depend upon the report of Antony Company staff. This is a wall painting of a matrix at a public place (usually at the wall of a house at the main entry point of the ward) to be maintained for a week as given below:

Item	Status during (date---- to-----date)						
	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
Ghantagadi Arrived on all points of the locality							
Drain cleaning done							
Water supply reached and not turbid							

The Ghantagadi arrivals are also shown on a map showing all the lanes of the localities and points where it is supposed to reach and stop for collection of garbage. This map would be only for the respective day and the entries would be changed the next day. Only when the Ghantagadi reached all the points, it is ticked right in the respective day column. Besides Ghantagadi services, drain cleaning and availability of clean water supply is also monitored through this *Swachhata Nirikshan Takhta*. Daily entries on the notice board and map are the responsibility of *Mahila Nigrani Samiti* (women monitoring committee) of the locality.

Similar practice has been initiated in Pakki chaal locality where people tick the arrival of Ghantagadi on a calendar of the month. This calendar is maintained by a natural leader in his house.

Also, two diaries are maintained (one remains with the Ghantagadi staff and the other with the natural leader of the respective lane of the locality; the Ghantagadi staff and the NL sign the diary as a certification of the satisfactory service delivered by the Ghantagadi staff before it leaves to the next lane. This practice of maintaining diaries is being followed in 12 other localities, namely Degaon Chaal, Nalagutta Chaal, Ganga Chaal, Khadakpura, Dulheshah Rehman Nagar, Udasi Math, Wadar Galli, Gayatri Mandir Parisar, Somesh Colony, Gol Chaal, Chikalwadi, Ishan Plaza of Prabhag 4.

In the review meetings, it was revealed that this practice has contributed in improving the service delivery of Ghantagadi services. People in many poor localities (such as Mehboob Nagar, Shiv Nagar, Balaji Nagar, Janardhan Nagar) earlier used to think that Ghantagadi services are for posh localities and are not meant for them. This practice of maintaining diaries made them realize that the ghantagadi services are also for them as well.

School rallies, Street plays and Gandhigiri by children



Two school rallies have been organized so far, one by Gujarati High School and the other by 5 schools (Prabodhni Primary School, Mahalja Tekdi, Indira Gandhi, Primary School, Mahalja Tekdi, Sanjeevani High School, Indira Nagar, Sanghvi, Saraswati Primary School, Gopal Nagar, Sanghvi, ZP School, Sanghvi) together.

Rally by Gujarati School



The rally by Gujarati School was termed as 'sanitation dignity march' and was held on 23 July 2011. The students and teachers of the school along with facilitators from KL went on the march and followed the following route: Gujarati school campus-Mutha Chowk - Shivaji chowk- Gandhi Chowk- Mahvir Chowk-Gujrati school. The rally started in the morning at 11 am and ended at 3pm.

Some 1200 students, under the guidance of school principal and staff undertook the sanitation march. On route at 3 points viz: Mutha chowk, in front of collector office and Mahavir chowk , students performed street play (*path natya*). The message was that sanitation is the responsibility of people as it is important for health benefits to them. At the end the show, the audience who watched the street play took oath to maintain sanitation in the city. Some 20 groups of students also did market triggering during the sanitation march and distributed contact details of Sanitary Inspector and Supervisor and Zonal officer on demand for ensuring availability of Ghantagadi. Students during market triggering also sought commitment from shopkeepers for the sanitation campaign. They recorded shop keepers feedback and commitment on their note books. There was media coverage of this event.



Rally by 5 schools of Mahalja Tekdi and Sanghvi localities of Prabhag 2



This rally was conducted by 5 schools of Sanghvi ward on 24th July, 2011. This rally started from two points, one from Mahalaja Tekdi and the other from Gautam Nagar. The two streams met at Amba Nagar and then moved to Gopal Nagar. A small function was held there and Deputy Commissioner Ratnakar Waghmare delivered an encouraging speech. Tree plantation was

done in the school premises and the rally moved to Airport where it was joined by the third stream of the rally. The third stream started from ZP School, Sanghvi and reached to Airport via Sanjeevani School. The united rally then went to Sanghvi ZP School where



Commissioner Nipun Vinayak and Mayor Ajay Singh Bisen delivered speech and encouraged the participants. Tree plantation was undertaken at this location also. Street play was staged by students of Sanjeevani School and everyone present on the occasion took oath to make the city clean.

The rally was participated by more than 500 persons including students, teachers, sanitation commandos, natural leaders,

NWCMC staff, Nagar Sewak, community members, KL team members etc. The rally started in the morning at 7 am and ended at 11.30 am.

Maha rally of triggered localities



The Maha rally was participated by community members (men, women and children), NLS from all Prabhags including 34 localities of Prabhag 2 and 4. Janata High School and Ekta High School from Prabhag 2 were also among the participating institutions in the rally. Processions of Amba Nagar and Ansuya Nagar, Mehaboob Nagar, Mahalaja, Hanumangad, Balaji Nagar, Darvesh Nagar, Vaihbhav Nagar, Gyaneshwar Nagar, ND-115, Sai Baba Nagar ,Asarjan ,Pukki Chaal, Taj Nagar,ND-31, Datt Mandir, Waghala, Vasarni, Purnima Nagar, Janardhan Nagar, Gandhi Nagar, Khadakpura, Old Kautha, Nava Kautha were very impressive procession among all 34 communities of Prabhag 2 and 4.

The dignitaries who participated in the rally included Mayor, Commissioner and officers of NWCMC, Nagar Sewaks. Around 2500 people participated in the rally. Rallies from all 4 Prabhags merged at Old Monda Tower. The route of the rally from Prabhag 2 was: Sanghvi-Nava Mondha-Old Mondha. For Prabhag 4, the route was: Waghala-Sambhaji Chowk-Old Mondha.

Some of the highlights of the rally are as follows:

- NLS from Amba Nagar displayed a scene related to Sant Gadge Baba on importance of sanitation
- NLS of Mehboob Nagar were dressed as Ghantagadi. The women were dressed in saris of one colour and were wearing caps made from paper.
- Children of Gyaneshwar Nagar were dressed as Jhansi Ki Rani, Mahatma Gandhi, Gadge Baba etc

- Men, women and children from all localities were carrying placards of slogans/messages related to sanitation.
- All localities were also carrying placards on which names of their sanitation committees were written along with their achievements such as 'Hagandari Mukh Nagar (ODF locality)', 'Ghan Kachra Mukh Nagar (Solid waste free locality)'
- People from Hanumangad came with the Bhajani Mandal of their locality. They sang songs of sanitation with music using Dhapli.
- Some 10 NLs got the chance to share their experience. They narrated pre and post situation in their locality and expressed their commitment for a clean city.
- Mayor and Commissioner, NWCMC addressed the rally and encouraged participants for their good work.

The rally was able to send across the message of people's participation in making the city clean and livable.

Training of Sanitation Soldiers/Commandos

A 3-day workshop on Citizen Led Total Sanitation (CLTS) for *Swachhta Senani* (Sanitation Soldiers) from Prabhag 2 and 4 was organized at Sarkari Dawakhana, Shivaji Nagar, Nanded during 28-30 June 2011.

The objectives of the workshop included: i) Skill enhancement of NLs to work as *Swachhta Senani* for making Nanded clean. ii) To instill the passion and fire in them to scale up CLTS in Nanded city. iii) To select Sanitation Commandos out of them who will be in the lead role and can work at city level (not just in their locality/ward)

The participants included Natural Leaders (NLs), some volunteers from different localities and 4 newly appointed Sanitary Inspectors of NWCMC. Majority of the participants were women. The Sabhapati of Prabhag 2 attended morning session on day 2 of the program. Municipal commissioner came for some time on day-1 and day-3.

The workshop commenced with prayer and followed by number of class room sessions to prepare volunteers for field visits/practical sessions related to various aspects of CLTS. These included experience sharing by NLs, principles and practices of CLTS, trigger approach, solid



waste management and action planning. Sulochna Mudkhadkar and Praveen Soni, both residents of Nanded, shared their experience on composting and vermin-composting for disposal of biodegradable waste. Besides classroom training, 10 field visits (covering 7 localities, 2 schools and some part of Shivaji market) were conducted during the workshop. These visits provided opportunity to the workshop participants to understand and practice triggering CLTS in real life situation.

Some quotes from participants/natural leaders reproduced here tell about the impact of the workshop.

“Maharashtra pehle so gaya tha, aap ne jaga diya pehle hum gandi basti Jhopar pati now good auro ko bhi bataige”- Tusa Bhai from Mahalaja

“mai bhi phele hans raha tha kaya naksha bana reha jab mai samja mai bhi hasna bandh kar diya. Abhi iska hisab lagao advocate sahib ne hisaab lagaya 3 crore paisa karch Goo khaugi nahi gandh karuga nahi”- Shekh Rahim, Contractor Engineer from ward-3.

The following workshop outcomes are worth mentioning:

- 90 NLs from 27 Nagar and two colleges were trained in CLTS
- Participants were exposed to the simple process of solid waste management.
- 7 localities , 2 schools and 1 market were triggered during workshop
- 28 sanitation commandos were identified during the workshop who are committed to work for sanitation at the city level

The workshop also clearly brought out the fact that a lot needs to be done by NWCMC to facilitate waste water drainage construction to meet out the problem of water logging.

All triggered localities and schools made a commitment to make their respective areas fully sanitized with their own efforts and looking for help of NWCMC wherever required

All the 9 triggered areas have started cleanliness drive. In most of the localities this campaign is being led by women and children. Shopkeepers of Shivaji market areas also appreciated the efforts of participants and agreed to cooperate.

15 teams of swachta senanis comprising 21 localities of Prabhag 2 &4 prepared an action plan to make their respective locality and wards clean and fully sanitized in a given time

The learning from the workshop included:

- In majority cases, women and children are the change agents

- In order to translate community commitment in to action, quick and strategic follow-ups are required (at least 5-6 times). The 1st follow-up visit need to focus on encouragement of natural leaders, swachta committee formation, community action planning, community monitoring and vigilance, involvement of children and religious leaders, subsequent on construction technologies if required.
- Apart from this the most important task is to establish linkage between swachta committee and NWCMC so that facilities such as ghantagadi, drainage cleaning can be started immediately.
- School triggering is helpful in spreading the message of safe confinement of excreta and garbage free environment.
- Triggering can enhance the self respect of even beggar community to clean their areas without waiting for NWCMC.

The following next steps were envisaged based on the learning from the workshop:

- Activate, supporting and monitoring of the teams of Swachhta Senani /Cammondos for triggering /follow-ups as per their action plan
- Triggering in colleges, schools and Anganwadi; this would provide opportunity of focusing on young generation and women as change agents
- Encouragement of natural leaders, through periodic experience sharing and felicitation workshops at their place.
- Ensuring involvement of religious leaders during follow-ups and seek their support for spread of the program
- Focusing on next level of triggering such as segregation of waste at source and Zero garbage community by promoting composting and vermin-composting out of household waste and facilitating hand-washing in ODF Nagars etc.
- Organizing exposure visits for key natural leaders, elected representatives to best model localities such as Balaji Nagar, Mahalaja , Vaibhav Nagar, ND-115 etc.

Sanitation Commandos triggering on their own

The Sanitation Commandos (28 from Prabhag 2and 4) are very active and dedicated to cause of the sanitation. They are working closely with the KL team and keep visiting to KL office. They are creative and constantly thinking for improvements in the city. The Commandos from Amba Nagar, Mehboob Nagar, Mahalja, Balaji Nagar, CIDCO area are actively participating in pre-



triggering, triggering and follow-ups with the KL team. For example, one of the Sanitation Commando Sonale from Amba Nagar Locality stated that he is planning to plant 4 types of plants (Drum stick, Black berry, Gwava and lime) on all the 700 plots in his locality over a period trees in his locality. He said that only two localities of his ward Sanghvi are now left to be triggered which he is planning to cover very soon. Sanitation rallies have been facilitated by him and other Commandos as well.

KL team and sanitation Commandos meet every fortnight to discuss the progress made by them and the action plan for the next 15 days.

Renovating toilets with community contribution

Once the question of loss of pride in allowing women of the house defecate in the open was highlighted during triggering, the youth of Pakki Chaal cleaned up the community toilets immediately and collected money for replacing the toilet pan etc.

Making BSUP toilets functional without waiting for sewer lines to be completed



In Amba Nagar locality, many houses have been built under BSUP. The houses have toilets but the use of these toilets had not started as people were waiting for the completion of sewer lines and connection of the toilets to the same. During triggering people realized that they could easily end OD by just making a leach pit outside their houses and connecting it to the toilet till the sewer line gets completed. Some of them were innovative in cutting costs of leach pit by using

old cement water tanks lying unused with them. They made holes in the walls of the tank and put it inverted in the pit so as the bottom of the tank became the pit cover. Some others used stones to make the pit walls sturdy. This practice has also started in Sanghvi locality as well.

Segregation and composting of waste at local level



On the invitation of Swamy Kedar Kishor Mallikarjuna, Nagar Sewak of Ward 1, the KL team triggered the locality Swatantra Sanik Coloney of Shobha Nagar on 24th July 2011. The Nagar Sewak's wife Shailaja took interest in mobilizing the community, particularly women in segregating the garbage and making compost from wet garbage at the local level. The women have decided to collect money from each house and purchase two bins of different colours and distribute them to each household so that they could ensure segregation of waste in a systematic manner. Some households have started collecting segregated garbage in polythenes and making compost in their courtyards as well.

The Nagar Sewak has promised to make two big compost pits in a corner of the park. The KL team is trying to coordinate with Praveen Soni to provide the guidance on size of the pits as requested by the Nagar Sewak. Hopefully, this would be ensured before 15 August, 2011.

Segregation of waste and composting at community level has already started in the Mahalza Tekdi locality of Prabhag 2. One pucca pit (bottom not plastered) of 5 feet x 3 feet x 4 feet has been constructed by women community members, the land was provided by one of the Natural Leader Lalita Bai. Raja Bai and some other women collect the wet garbage from each house (through door-to-door visit) on a daily basis in a wooden box (1 feet x 1 feet x 1 feet) and pours the same in the pit. The understanding is that once the manure would be ready it would be sold in the market and the money would be distributed to participating households. Around 60 out of 400 households are participating in this. Before the pit is filled they are planning to construct another pit.

Some 10 households have started composting in their houses in Amba Nagar (by 2 HHs), and Gautam Nagar (by 8 HHs) locality.

Plantation drive

In order to give a green look to Nanded, plantation drive (which has been on for quite some time in the city with the support of Gurudwara Langar Sahib) has been extended to Kautha area (ward 65) of Zone 5 (Part of Prabhag 4). The drive in Kautha was carried out on 31 July 2011. Some 300 persons from all the Prabhags of the city participated in this exercise. These included students, sanitation



commandos, NLs, NWCMC officers and staff, KL team members. Troupes performed folk songs on the occasion.

Visits of Commissioner and other officers in localities

Visits by Commissioner and other senior officers of NWCMC have been made to localities to encourage natural leaders and community members as also to get a sense of the progress on the ground.



The details are as follows:

S.N.	Date	Localities visited
1	16 June 2011	Pandurang Nagar, Taj Nagar, Hanumangad, Amba Nagar, Darvesh Nagar, Balaji Nagar, Gopal Nagar
2	14 July 2011	Gautam Nagar, Karmaveer Nagar, Shiv Nagar, Mehbub Nagar, Nath Nagar, Balaji Nagar, Gujarati High School
3	4 July 2011	CIDCO
4	27 July 2011	Pakki Chaal

Felicitation of NLs



The NWCMC has also felicitated NLs from localities who are doing/had done exemplary work in making their area clean. Functions have been organized for the purpose at NWCMC level as also in respective localities.

The details are as follows:

S. N.	Date	Place	No. of people present	No. of NLS felicitated and given certificate for their exemplary work
1	30 June 2011	Govt. Hospital, Shivaji Nagar	92	1
2	14 July 2011	Balaji Nagar	40	5
3	4 July 2011	CIDCO	60	8

Experience sharing cum progress review meetings at Prabhag/City level



Organizing experience sharing cum progress review meetings on a periodic basis at Prabhag/City level has been a key process. Initially, these meetings used to take place at the city level. Gradually, they are being undertaken at zonal/Prabhag level.

Following are the details:

S. N.	Date	Localities that participated
1	22 April 2011	Gandhi Nagar, Mahalaja, ND-115, ND-31, Vaibhav Nagar, ND-41 (Vijay Nagar), Ishan Plaza, Anand Plaza, Balaji Nagar, Somesh Colony, Old Kautha, Kankaiya Compound, Gyaneshwar Nagar
2	26 May 2011	Amba Nagar, Gopal Nagar, Mehboob Nagar, Pandurang Nagar, Taj Nagar, Purnima Nagar, Janardhan Nagar, Balaji Nagar
3	9 June 2011	Gopal Nagar, Mitra Nagar, Amba Nagar Hanumangadh, Darvesh Nagar, Mahalaja
4	6 August 2011	Pukki Chaal, Nalgutta Chaal, Chikalwadi, Waddargaali(Chikalwadi), Udasimath, Somesh colony, Degaon Chaal, Dhule shah Rehman Nagar

Shifts in mindsets

The shifts in mindsets have not been easy, as there are some Nagar Sewaks who have not been able to appreciate the good work being undertaken by the citizens and NWCMC of Nanded and have been agitated at times. However, the CSP implementation in Nanded has brought about a shift in the perception of some Nagar Sewaks. At least following two examples are worth mentioning.

Dhabale, Nagar Sewak of Degaon Chaal was initially not at all convinced with the interventions being carried out by an outside agency in his area. He was opposed to the analysis of sanitation profile being facilitated by Knowledge Links' team by asking provoking questions and engaging people in exercises such as calculation of shit left in the open by residents of the locality. In fact, he stopped the exercise in the middle when it was being carried out in Ganga Chaal locality on 13 June 2011 and asked the facilitators not to engage people in this futile exercise of calculations and tell directly what people need to do. In this exercise, people from Pakki Chaal, where Dhabale comes from, were also present. A few days after he saw that people of Pakki Chaal were renovating the community toilets spending their own money, he asked the people not to do this as this was NWCMC's work, but people stated that they did not want to eat shit anymore and would not wait for NWCMC to come. Within a period of less than 2 months, he is a changed person. He shared in a review meeting on 6 August, 2011 at Zonal Office of the NWCMC in Zone 4 that 'he never thought that the people of his locality would come forward and clean up badly choked 3-4 feet deep drains and not throw garbage here and there; people make a queue to dispose their garbage in the Ghantagadi, once they hear the whistle of Ghantagadi, as they used to make queue for getting ration from government shop; the sanitary staff of corporation is also doing their best in cleaning drains, when they saw people coming forward and cleaning the drains on their own; my ward is now 75% clean and only 25% work remains to be done; the intervention by the team from Delhi (KL team) has really made the difference.' Even the team of KL was amazed to see this transformation in the thinking of the Nagar Sewak.

When Sankar Sing Gadiwale, husband of the Nagar Sewika of Hanumangad, witnessed that people, particularly women and children, are working for sanitation in the locality, he has become very cooperative in solving issues of the people. He has provided 6 street light poles and repaired road from his own money to remove water logging in the area. People of his ward are very happy with him now.

Positive Role of Media

In order to sensitize the media and seek their cooperation in dissemination of exemplary work being done by the citizens of Nanded, a meeting with the representatives of print and electronic media was held on 22 June 2011 at NWCMC office. The media was oriented about the CLTS approach. As they wanted to know as to how a triggering process is actually conducted, demonstration of 'shit and water tool' was done during the meeting as an example of participatory exercises that could be used to facilitate community analysis of the sanitation profile of the community. The media then got interested and asked for list of triggered communities, which the KL team provided to them. This sharing continues with them and they go to the triggered localities and cover the stories of community initiatives. Both print and electronic media keep covering the success stories. For example, MCN news in its weekly program Nanded Darpan covered city sanitation 3 times during June-July 2011, TV 9, covered the story of rally and market triggering by children on 23 July 2011; Hindustan covered story of Darvesh Nagar and Balaji Nagar; Godateer covered the story of Gautam Nagar and sanitation Rally in Sangvi ward; Lokmat covered the story of Darvesh Nagar.

XXXXXXX

Annexure- 1: Triggered Localities in Prabhag 2 and 4 (Status as on 9 August 2011)

Prabhag 2

S. N.	Ward	Locality	Date of Triggering	No. of follow-ups	O.D. status (%)	Solid Waste thrown in open (%)	Ghantagadi service	Attendance Register of Ghantagadi maintained	Swachhata/ Nigarani Samiti formed/ Register maintained	Drain Cleaning
1	1	Shobha Nagar	24.7.11	4	0	10	Irregular	Yes	Yes/Yes	Regular by NWMC
2	1	Swatantya Sainik Colony	24.7.11	4	0	05	Irregular	No	Yes/No	No Drains in locality
3	1	Vaishak Nagar	28.6.11	6	5	10	Irregular	Yes	yes	NWMC and NLS
4	2	Amba Nagar	10.5.11	20	25	10	Once in three days	Yes	Yes/Yes	No proper Drains
5	2	Mahalaja	16.4.11	20	10	0	Regular Once in three days	Yes	Yes/Yes	Drain cleaning by community & NWCMC
6	2	Indira Nagar	23.7.11	3	70	60	Once in three days.	No	Yes/No	Drain construction work in progress under BSUP
7	2	Anusuya Nagar	10.5.11	10	30	5	Regular	Yes	Yes/Yes	No Drains exists
8	2	Gautam Nagar	28.6.11	20	0	20	Irregular	Yes	Yes/Yes	No Drains exits
9	2	Ram Nagar	4.7.11	7	90	20	Irregular	No	Yes/No	No Drains
10	2	Gopal Nagar	15.6.11	10	20	30	Irregular, Once in 2 Days	No	Yes/No	NLS & NWMC Clean the Drain
11	2	Triratna Nagar	21.07.11	1	95	80(other land fill)	No	No	Yes	No Draingae , roads & sewerage lines
12	3	Govind Nagar 2	12.7.11	3	30	40	Irregular(Once in a 3 Day)	No	Yes/No	Work in Pgress
13	3	Govind Nagar	21.7.11	3	40	40	Irregular (Once in a 3 Day)	NO	Yes/No	Work in Pgress
14	3	Pandurang Nagar	15.5.11	15	01	10	Irregular (Once in a 2 day)	Yes	Yes/No	NLS & NWMC Clean By Drain
15	3	Vishwanath Nagar	28.6.11	3	90	60	No	No	No/No	No drain exists
16	3	Karmvir Nagar	28.6.11	15	60	10	Irregular (Once in a 2 Day)	Yes	Yes/ Yes	NL Clean the drain, NWMC Support From Transportation
17	4	Hanuman gargh	12.4.11	22	0	0	Regular	Yes	Yes/Yes	Regular Drain cleaning

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18	4	Taj nagar	11.5.11	22	20	10	Regular	Yes	Yes/Yes	No drains exists
19	4	Nandigran Society	20.7.11	10	30	20	Regular	No	Yes/No	Irregular Drain cleaning
20	4	Janardhan Nagar	15.4.11	20	0	0	Regular	Yes Monitoring Chart	Yes/Yes	Regular by NWMC
21	4	Janki Nagar	20.7.11	10	0	0	Irregular	Yes	Yes/ No	No Drain
22	4	Nath Nagar	29.6.11	15	5	20	Once in two days	Yes	Yes/No	Regular Drain cleaning by N.C members.
23	5	Gandhi Nagar	12.3.11	12	5	5	Irregular	Yes register	Yes	Not regular
24	5	Sharda	27.7.11	2	5	30	Irregular	No	No	NWMC
25	5	Shriram nagar bhag	13.3.11	3	20	40	irregular	Yes	No	NLs and NWMC
26	6	Pournima Nagar	22.5.11	7	1	40	Irregular (Once in 2 Days)	No	No/No	Clean By NWMC
27	6	Pir Burhan Nagar	13.3.11	4	10	30	Irregular	No	No/No	Irregular cleaning
28	7	Ashok Nagar	15.5.11	2	0	5	Regular	No	No/No	Regular NWCMC
29	6	Indira Nagar	12.3.11	3	30	40	Irregular	No	No/No	No drains exists
30	14	Khobragade Nagar	20.5.11	1	70	70	Irregular	No	Yes/No	No drains
31	15	Maganpura	10.6.11	5	5	20	Irregular (Once in 2 Days)	No	No/No	Clean By NWMC
32	16	Balaji Nagar	19.5.11	20	10	10	Once in three day	Yes	Yes/No	Drain work in progress
33	16	Mitra Nagar	13.3.11	4	10	5	Once in 3 days	Yes	Yes No	-No Drain exists
34	16	Darvesh Nagar	22.6.11	15	30	30	Irregular One in 2 day	No	Yes/ No	50% No drain
35	17	Shiv nagar	29.7.11	10	20	40	Irregular	Yes	Yes/ No	No Drain exists
36	17	Mehboob Nagar 1	9.5.11	25	10	10	Irregular	Yes	Yes/Yes	Maintained by NL
37	17	Mehboob nagar 2	29.6.11	5	40	20	Irregular	No	Yes/NO	No Drain
38	17	Mehboob nagar	17.7.11	20	40	20	Once in two days	Yes	Yes/yes	BSUP under construction
39	17	Basanta Nagar	20.7.11	10	40	30	Once in two days	Yes	Yes/No	No drains exist.
40	17	Laxmi Nagar	27.7.11	3	90	90	No	No	Yes/No	No drains exist
41	18	Gopal Nagar	13.7.11	4	5	10	Once in 3 days	Yes	yes	NLs
42	19	Dutt Nagar	9.3.11	6	10	40	irregular	Yes	No	NWCMC

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Prabhag-4

S. N.	Ward	Locality	Date of Triggering	No. of follow-ups	O.D. status (%)	Solid Waste thrown in open (%)	Ghantagadi service	Attendance Register of Ghantagadi maintained	Swachhata / Nigarani Samiti formed/ Register maintained	Drain Cleaning
1	33	Khadakpura	9.3.11	15	60	50	Irregular	No	Yes/No	No
2	34	Somesh Colony	9.3.11	10	5	20	Regular	No	Yes/No	Yes
3	35	Chikal wadi	8.6.11	5	20	15	Irregular	No	No	Yes
4	35	Police colony	7.5.11	2	0	05	Regular	No	No	Yes
5	36	Kankaya compound	15.4.11	3	0	02	Regular	No	No	Yes
6	36	Sindhi Colony	6.5.11	3	0	0	Regular	No		Yes
7	36	Ganraj Nagar	19.7.11	5	0	0	Regular	No		Yes
8	36	Ravikiran Vasahat	20.7.11	8	10	10	Regular	No		Yes
9	37	Chikhalwadi	9.7.11	12	0	15	Regular	Yes	Yes/Yes	Yes
10	37	Wadar Galli	15.5.11	12	100	30	Once in two day	No	Yes/No	Yes
11	37	Bhoi Galli	16.5.11	12	5	60	Irregular	No	No	No
12	60	Ishant Plaza	27.4.11	4	0	0	irregular	yes	No	Yes
13	60	Tara Singh Market	22.4.11	3	0	5	Regular	yes	No	Yes
14	60	Udasi Market market	23.6.11	4	0	30	Regular	Yes	No	Yes
15	60	Mahveer Chowk	22.6.11	4	0	10	Regular	yes	No	Yes
16	60	Gayatri Mandir	21.7.11	6	40	80	Irregular	Yes	Yes/Yes	No
17	61	Vazirabad	23.7.11	2	0	30	Regular	No	No/No	Regular
18	62	Shivaji Putala	23.7.11	2	0	40	Regular	No	No/No	Yes
19	62	Somesh Colony	12.7.11	6	0	5	Regular	Yes	No/no	Yes
20	63	Degaon Chal	22.7.11	20	40	40	Regular	No	Yes/NO	Yes
21	63	Nallagutta	7.6.11	10	100	0	Regular	Yes	Yes/No	Yes

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22	63	Goal chal	5.6.11	10	1	20	Once in two days	No	Yes/nO	No drain exists.
23	63	B.Ambedkar Nagar	22 .5.11	5	40	30	Regular after follow up	No	No/No	Yes
24	64	Ganga Chal	5.5.11	6	10	40	Once in two days	No	No/No	Yes
25	64	Pakki Chal	5.5.11	10	80	0	Regular	No	Yes/Yes	Yes
26	64	Duleshah Rehman Nagar	10.3.11	10	100	100	No access	No	Yea/no	No
27	65	Juna Kautha	31.7.11	2	100	100	irregular	No	Yes/No	No Drains
28	66	Vasarani	24.6.11	1	90	10	Once in a week	No	No/No	No
29	67	Asarjan	9.3.11	6	40	50	Once in a week	No	No/No	No
30	68	ND 42.	25.7.11	4	0	10	Regular	No	Yes/No	Yes
31	68	Shakti Nagar	7.8.11	1	0	20	Regular	yes	No/No	Yes
32	69	Basaweshwar Nagar	25.7.11	5	30	30	Regular	No	Yes/No	No
33	69	Sant Kabir Nagar	6.5.11	6	80	20	Regular after fallow up	No	Yes/No	No
34	69	Vijay nagar	4.8.11	1	10	5	Irregular	No	No/No	No
35	70	Sai Nagar	10.3.11	5	10	30	Irregular	No	Yes/No	No
36	71	Dyaneshwar Nagar	9.3.11	12	0	15	Irregular (Regular in half part)	No	Yes/No	No
37	71	Sai Baba Nagar	25.7.11	4	0	5	Irregular	No	Yes/No	No
38	71	Vastalya Nagar Society	30.7.11	2	o	0	Regular	No	No/No	No
39	72	Vaibhav Nagar	9.3.11	7	0	20	Irregular	No	Yes/no	No
40	72	Vishwakarma Mandir	9.3.11	4	0	0	Regular	No	Yes/No	No
41	73	Rahul Nagar	7.8.11	---	100	90	No	No	Yes/no	No
42	72	ND 31 Datta Nagar	9.3.11	10	0	10	Regular	No	Yes/No	No

Annexure- 2: Details of Schools Triggered (Status as on 9 August 2011)

S. N.	Name of School	Locality/ Ward Number	Pre-trigg. date	Trigg. date	Follow-up dates	Presence during triggering		Toilets		Sanitation Club formed	Decisions taken/Activities conducted
						Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls		
1	Gyan Mata	Pandurang Nagar (3)	3.7.11	5.7.11	----	250	200	10	10	No	Will spread the sanitation message in our locality, will do Gandhigiri to spread message. Cleaned up school premises
2	Z P Primary School	Sangavi (2)	15.7.11	17.7.11	19.7.11	120	80	1	1	yes	Will spread the sanitation message in our locality, will do Gandhigiri to spread message. Organized Rally, Tree Plantation in school premises, Street Play
3	Indira Gandhi High school	Vasant Nagar , Maganpura (15)	28.6.11	29.6.11	4.7.11, 8.7.11	150	100	1	1	Yes	Will form Sanitation club, spread the message of sanitation, Cleaned up school premises
4	Saraswati Primary School	Sangavi (2)	16.7.11	17.7.11	20.7.11	80	60	No	No	Yes	Will clean School premises and classes regularly Organized Rally, Tree Plantation in school premises, Role Play
5	Sanjiwani High School	Sangavi (2)	15.7.11	17.7.11	20.7.11	90	60	No	No	Yes	Cleaned up school premises, Organized Rally, Street play
6	Nalanda High School	Shobha Nagar (1)	27.7.11	28.7.11		60	40	1	1	No	Will motivate people to end O.D., Cleaned up school premises
7	Gurunank Vidya Mandir	Shiv Nagar (17)	26.7.11	27.7.11		225	150	2	2	No	Will not throw waste in open place, will not practice O.D. Cleaned up the classroom
8	Kusumtai Chauhan Vidya Mandir	Nath Nagar(4)	2.8.11	3.8.11	-----	28	20	No	No	No	Will not practice O.D., will use Dustbins , will spread sanitation message in our localities. Class room cleaned up
9	Janata High School	Pandurang Nagar(3)	2.8.11	3.8.11		90	80	2	2	No	Classroom and school premises Cleaned up
10	Ekata High	Taj Nagar	2.8.11	3.8.11	-----	90	80	2	2	Yes	Will not practice O.D and wil not allow

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	School										others too; Will wash our hand regularly; Class and school premises Cleaned up
11	Banjara (Boys) Hostel	Hanuman Garh (4)	4.8.11	4.8.11		60	----	6	----	Yes	Will spread the message of sanitation in our school; Cleaned up hostel rooms and premises
12	Gujarati High School	Vazirabad (62)	28.6.11	29.6.11	30.6.11, 20.7.11, 21.7.11	300	200	8	8	Yes	Will not use plastic carry Bags; Will not throw the wrappers on roads; Cleaned up premises and classrooms; Conducted Market Triggering, Street play
13	Narahar Kurandkar High School	Kautha (65)	20.7.11	21.7.11	22.7.11	150	250	4	4	Yes	Will organize rally in Kautha; Cleaned up premises; Develop Kitchen Garden, tree Plantation
14	Indira Gandhi Primary School Mahalaja	Mahalaja (2)	14.7.11	15.7.11		63	87	No	No	No	Will wash hand regularly and will make it a habit; will observe personal hygiene; will aware others about sanitation
15	Khalasa High school	Vyankatesh Nagar (36)	27.6.11	28.6.11	30.7.11	100	90	Yes 5	Yes 5	No	Will keep our school clean; will not practice O.D and also will not allow others.

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